INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR MODEL #

3LEN4242B75B *(Also LPBmu) 3LEN4242
4LDS4834B75B *(Also LPBmu) 5LDS6030
4LDS4848B1B *(Also LPBmu) 5LDS6034
4LESC6036B75B *(Also LPBmu) 5LES6042
4SS6337A75B *(Also LPBmu) 5LRS6030
5LDS6033B17T 5LRS6030FB
5LDS6034B75B *(Also LPBmu) 5LRS6033
5LDS6034B17T 5LRS6033FB
5LDS6042B1B *(Also LPBmu) 5LES6036B75B *(Also LPBmu)
5LES6042B1B *(Also LPBmu) 5LES6048B1B *(Also LPBmu)
5LRS6030B17T 5LRS6033FB
5LRS6030FB17T 5LRS6033B17T
5LRS6033FB17T 5LRS6034B75B *(Also LPBmu)
5LRS6034FB75B *(Also LPBmu)

Quick Check List for Installation
See page 2 for Illustrations and page 3 for tools and supplies

1. Decide if you need to recess the unit into the floor for best wheel chair access and if so, cut out the flooring.
   If the model you are installing has a beveled curb or if you are using a ramp, this will not apply.
2. Mark where the perimeter of the unit will be on the walls, then mark and cut 1-1/2” inch past that mark.
3. Check the framing pocket for size, plumb and level and adjust as needed.
4. Add studs to the side wall as needed for attaching the vertical front flanges and drywall.
5. Prepare the drain hole in the floor and the drain fitting.
6. Prepare and cut holes for the mixing valve and supply outlet.
7. For units with a 1-1/4” or lower curb height, see "Installation Instructions Showers (multi-piece) with Low Profile Bottoms" NOTE: when installing a unit with Low Profile bottom, set the backwall on the pan before blocking access with the bracing boards.
8. Install the Pan (use a plumb bob) and fasten to the studs. See Step 2 on page 3
9. Install the Backwall and attach at the top. On a 2-piece backwall, secure the bottom section temporarily before the top section goes on.
10. Caulk the back of the backwall joint and Install the side wall panels and snap the joints flush, using the suction cup (included).
11. Screw to the framing and caulk all joints.
12. Install the optional Flange Trim Kit and other accessories. Following these first two pages are more detailed instructions.

*LPBmu  indicates that in addition to these instructions, you also need to follow:
"Installation Instructions Showers (multi-piece) with Low Profile Bottoms"
PREPARATION
Check that all the parts are there and if there is minor damage, it can be touched up later. Damage claims should be made immediately with the carrier.

1 ea Pan
2 ea Side Wall panels
1 ea or 2 ea (depending on the model) Back Wall panel
1 ea tube of silicone caulk
Remodel Flange Trim Kit (optional)

Other Options
NOTE: Items needed for back wall valve location are indicated the letter "B".

TOOLS General
Tape measure
Pencil
Utility knife
Drill/screw gun
Pilot bit with counter sink
#2 Phillips head bit
Skill saw
Pry bar
Plumb bob
Level (2 ft.)
Caulk gun
Leather gloves (to protect from fibers and metal springs)

SUPPLIES General
40 ea 1-1/2" drywall screws
10 ea shim wedges
4 ea 8 ft 2x4 lumber

TOOLS for Mixing Valve Plumbing
Hole saw, 4" for mixing valve hole
Hole saw, 1-1/4" for supply elbow- or fixed head hole
Pipe wrench
Propane torch
Wire brush for copper fittings
Pipe cutter for copper pipe
Hack saw
Pipe wrench
Hole saw, 1-3/4" for (optional) diverter valve hole
3/8" socket driver (to remove plug from diverter valve)

SUPPLIES for Drain- and Mixing Valve Plumbing
Plumbers putty
Flux
Solder
Pipe dope/Teflon tape
Emery cloth
Pipe strap
Drain and P-trap pipe and fittings as required to adapt from the existing tub drain to a shower drain
Solvent Weld Cement
Pipe Cleaning Solvent

NOTE: All or some of the following plumbing fittings may be needed depending on whether the valve will be located on the back wall or other valve relocation is done.
B 1/2" copper pipe
B copper elbows 90 degr.
B copper elbows 45 degr.
B copper couplings
B 1/2" MIPT x 3" nipple (galvanized or brass)

TOOLS for Showers with Low Profile Bottoms LPB
Standard Caulk gun for Sika Anchor-fix 2 part epoxy

SUPPLIES for Showers with Low Profile Bottoms LPB
Sika Anchor-fix 2 part epoxy - factory supplied
1. Rough in the plumbing to drain, valve and outlet.

2. Position the pan using a plumb bob from the face of the studs approx. 78" above the floor. Level the pan, shim if necessary and screw to the studs. Depending on the model, you may have to install the pan with the epoxy provided.

3. Place the lower backwall panel, shim if necessary and secure it with one screw to the center stud only.

4. Place the upper panel and hold it in place with one screw near the center (not tight).

5. Remove screw from sidewall flange.

6. Drill the plumbing holes, remove the tape from the springs and slip the sidewall panel into position.

7. With the suction cup* on the lower backwall panel, pull it firmly until the spring clip fully engages and the joint is flush. Repeat with the upper panel.

8. With the walls firmly pushed down on the pan, screw through the flanges to the framing.

9. Apply silicone caulk in all joints with a small nozzle.

* supplied with unit

See: "Installation Instructions for Showers (multi-piece) with Low Profile Bottoms"
**Installation:**

1. Mark and cut out the drywall to fit the shower as follows:
   1-1/2" above the level where the highest point of the shower will be.
   See Figure 1 A

   ![Figure 1 A](image)

   Top of shower flange +1-1/2"

   Mark and cut out the drywall in front to fit the shower as follows:
   1-1/2" past where the furthest point of the shower will be.
   See Figure 1 B

   ![Figure 1 B](image)

2. Install the studs that will provide support for the front nailing flanges and the drywall as follows:
   Slip two studs in the space in front of the most forward stud SIDEWAYS and screw it to this stud. See Figures 2 A and 2 B

   ![Figure 2 A](image)

   Now screw the drywall to this stud

   ![Figure 2 B](image)
If you need to keep the curb as low as possible for maximum accessibility and want to install the pan on the floor joists, proceed as follows:

If the joists run perpendicular to the shower curb, run 2x4 between and flush with the top of the joists. This is to provide support for the back of the pan and allows shimming. See Figure 3

4. Level the part of the floor where the front and the back of the pan will be sitting. See Figure 4

5. Rough in the drain pipe. See Figure 5

6. If you need to install a new diverter mixing valve on the back wall, pre-plan the lay-out with the valve, glide bar and grab bar positions in mind. Shut off the water supply and cut the hot and cold lines between 2" and 4" above the bottom plate. Route these lines through the studs (except for 2 ea 45 deg elbow in front of the corner studs) toward the new valve location on the back wall. See Figure 6
7. Set the pan in the opening, carefully slipping the drain fitting over the drain pipe. (No Figure 7)

8. Level the pan in all directions. **See Figure 8**

9. Hang a plumb bob FLUSH with the back side of the drywall from temporary screws. **See Figure 9**

10. If the studs are leaning in, shim between the pan and the framing and check that the pan is still level before screwing it to the studs.

   If the studs are leaning out, you can either:
   A. Cut into the studs or
   B. Shim out.
   The optional Flange Trim Kit is a good way to help transition to the drywall.

   Keep the screws in the pan flanges close to the edge of the flange so the wall panel will not hang up on these screws. **See Figures 10 A and 10 B**

11. Drill the holes for the plumbing, based on the pre-planning discussed in Step 6. **See Figure 11**

   If the plumbing is kept at the original plumbing wall, just reposition the valve (be sure to plug the port to the tub spout that is now unnecessary) and relocate the shower outlet as desired. If you are installing the valve on the back wall, run the pipes about 8" above the bottom plate, but do not commit to a final position of the valve and fittings until you can line these up with the holes in the wall panels.

12. Follow steps 3 thru 8 on page 1.
No Nuts Needed

They are supplied only in case the unit is to be fully assembled before installation like in new construction.